

## Practical 2

**Aim: - Using sftp upload files from PC.**

**(Note: I am using powershell 7 that has builtin ssh)**

### Step 1: Run sftp

```
sftp <username>@<rasp_ip>
```



```
PS D:\> sftp catpi@10.128.0.130
```

### Help menu

```
sftp> help
Available commands:
bye
cd path
chgrp [-h] grp path
chmod [-h] mode path
chown [-h] own path
df [-hi] [path]

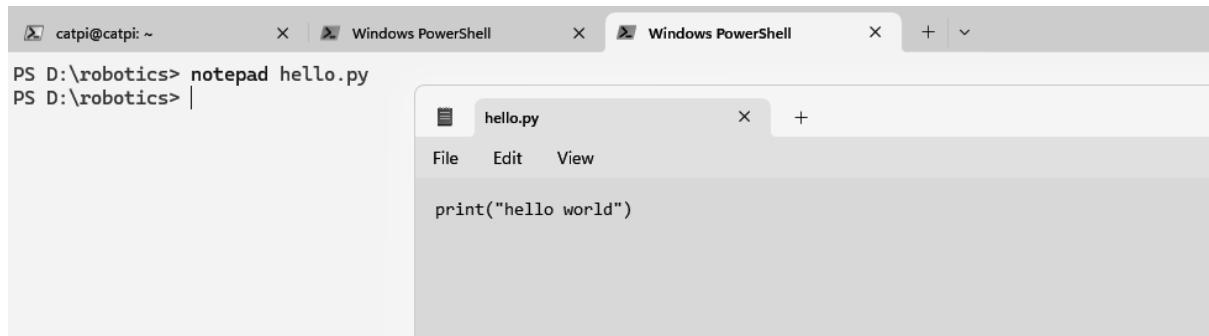
exit
get [-afpR] remote [local]
help
lcd path
lls [ls-options [path]]
lmkdir path
ln [-s] oldpath newpath
lpwd
ls [-lafhlrSt] [path]
lumask umask
mkdir path
progress
put [-afpR] local [remote]
pwd
quit
reget [-fpR] remote [local]
rename oldpath newpath
reput [-fpR] local [remote]
rm path
rmdir path
symlink oldpath newpath
version
!command
!
?
sftp>
```

Quit sftp
Change remote directory to 'path'
Change group of file 'path' to 'grp'
Change permissions of file 'path' to 'mode'
Change owner of file 'path' to 'own'
Display statistics for current directory or filesystem containing 'path'
Quit sftp
Download file
Display this help text
Change local directory to 'path'
Display local directory listing
Create local directory
Link remote file (-s for symlink)
Print local working directory
Display remote directory listing
Set local umask to 'umask'
Create remote directory
Toggle display of progress meter
Upload file
Display remote working directory
Quit sftp
Resume download file
Rename remote file
Resume upload file
Delete remote file
Remove remote directory
Symlink remote file
Show SFTP version
Execute 'command' in local shell
Escape to local shell
Synonym for help

Check the current directory of raspberry pi we are in

```
sftp> pwd
Remote working directory: /home/catpi
sftp>
```

## Step 2: Create a python file on main system



## Step 3: Upload the created file on Raspberry Pi

```
sftp> put D:\robotics\hello.py
Uploading D:/robotics/hello.py to /home/catpi/hello.py
D:/robotics/hello.py
sftp>
```

## Step 4: Check the uploaded file on Raspberry Pi

```
catpi@catpi:~ $ ls
hello.py
catpi@catpi:~ $ python hello.py
hello world
catpi@catpi:~ $ |
```

```
catpi@catpi:~ $ cat hello.py
print("hello world")catpi@catpi:~ $ |
```